How can media influence a fair trial

Interventions on Responsible Press Reporting

The Media and the Legal Professions: Trust in the Judiciary
Requires Trust in the Media Enhancing Cooperation between Two
Pillars of Democratic States

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Definitions

- FAIR TRIAL
- OPEN TRIAL
- PUBLIC HEARING
- MEDIA

Is open trial a friend or an enemy to fair process?

Fair trial

- Who is protected
 - Litigant
- What is protected
 - Rules of procedure
 - Privacy
 - VS.
 - Freedom of access to information

Open trial

- what was/is the aim of open trial
- Open with limits or unlimited openness?
- Whom it serves to
 - quality of proceeding
 - protection of rights of the parties

OR

 public in satisfying its need to "know" /sensationalism/

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OPEN TRIAL

- monitoring against arbitrary decision making by the judiciary through the citizen-observers
- way to illicit further evidence

BUT

 "trial by media" causes danger of pre-empting unbiased and rational decision making by the finder of facts

STRIKING BALANCE?

- Laws of procedure mitigate the balance between the two ideals (OT vs. FT)— using the instruments e.g.:
 - Isolating /sequestering the witnesses not possible from the media/social media coverage
 - Reporting restrictions backed up by the threat of criminal sanctions for contempt of court – nowadays unenforceable
 - ISOLATING OF JUDGES/PROSECUTORS/BAILIFFS.....?

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Impartial Unbiased Independent

A legitimate judge is a prerequisite for a fair trial.

- Such a judge is supposed to be a **guarantee** of a fair trial.
- Judges use tools to eliminate the influence of the media, e. g. "gag orders", sanctions...
- Despite attacks must **feel** unbiased, while at the same time the public must **perceive** them as unbiased.
- Above all, they must be perceived as such by the litigants or the defendants.
- Moreover media and its role cannot be simplified to reporting on trials or ongoing litigation. It is about reporting in relation to the quality of justice as such, e. g. **ranking** of judges.

EXPECTATIONS

of Stakeholders

PUBLIC

Monitoring of judges/quality of process

Monitoring of fairness

Satisfaction of curiosity

DEFENDANT/LITIGANT

- Privacy
- Protection of fairness (more than openness)
- Unbiased judge
- Fair decision

MEDIA

- Access to everything, including the files
- Full information about parties, witnesses, judge/jurors
- Having immediate information and detailed explaining of not simple legal matters

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How to strike the balance between open trial and fairness

Role of **administration** of the court

- Regulation of broadcasting from the hearing rooms – streaming as solution?
- Regulation through technology

 digital commitment reminder
 ("nudge" theory)
- Training of judges and administrative staff
- Regulation of communication strategies spokesperson of courts
- High level of communication with standard media creating the picture of judiciary

Role of judges

- Should follow **ethical rules** to keep their reputation
- The only arm as for trial itself is relevant law of procedure: judge can exclude public from the process or hearing; limit recording, streaming or broadcasting, use sanctions
- Personal skills and abilities of judge to communicate with media directly are welcome

THANK YOU

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